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*A few Coleoptera, &c., from Bengal.*—One of my sons, who has frequently caught small *Coleoptera*, &c., on the wing in Surrey, has just sent me a sample of what can be obtained in this way at Sarda, Bengal, in December. The locality is on the Ganges, 150 miles from Calcutta, and about half the insects taken, upwards of 100 species in all, were captured flying towards sunset. The genera with few exceptions are familiar European types, and it is interesting to note how many are common to such widely separated regions. The number of species in each genus is as follows:—*Dyschirius* (4), *Tachys* (9 or 10), *Metabletus* (1), *Harpalus*? (1), *Acupalpus* (2), *Chlænium* (1), *Amblystomus*? (2), *Casnonia* (1), *Philhydrus* (1), *Berosus* (1), *Limnebius* (1), *Cercyon* (2), *Sphæridium* (1), *Heterocerus* (3), *Georyssus* (2), *Limnichus* (2 or 3), *Aleochara* (2), *Atheta* (1), *Philonthus* (3), *Actobius* (1), *Cryptobium* (1), *Pæderus* (3), *Sunius* (1), *Medon* (2 or 3), *Lithocharis* (1), *Stenus* (1), *Bledius* (3), *Planeustomus* (2), *Trogophlæus* (2), *Oxytelus* (4), *Pselaphus* (1), *Sacium* (1), *Hydnobius* (1), *Olibrus* (4), *Carpophilus* (1), *Ephistemus* (1), *Cryptophilus* (1), *Psammæcus* (1), *Cathartus* or *Silvanus* (2), *Melanophthalma* (2), *Monotoma* (1), *Onthophagus* (2), *Aphodius* (8), *Rhyssemus* (2), *Luciola* (1), *Lamprorhiza*? (1) *Rhizopertha* (1), *Gonocephalum* (1), *Cnemeplatia* (1), *Ennebæus* (1), *Anthicus* (3), *Notoxus* (1), *Macratia* (1), *Xylophilus* (1), *Myloccer* (1), *Cleonus* (1), *Nanophyes* (1), *Bagous* (2), *Apion* (1), *Xyleborus* (1), *Pachnephorus*? (2), *Diapromorpha* (1), *Oides* (1), *Aulacophora* (1), *Monolepta* (2), *Luperus*? (2), *Languria* (1), *Coccinella* (1), *Ezochomus*? (1), &c. The Hemiptera include, amongst others, *Microvelia* (1), and *Geocoris* (1). Four species of *Coleoptera*—*Lithocharis ochracea*, Grav., *Aphodius lividus*, F., *Rhizopertha pusilla*, F., and *Anthicus floralis*, F.—are cosmopolitan. *Aulacophora abdominalis*, *Oides flava*, *Diapromorpha melanopus*, *Luciola vespertina*, and *Myloccer blandus*, Faust, are known Indian insects. The Tenebrionid genus *Ennebæus*, Wat., has a remarkable distribution—Tasmania, Mexico, Panama, Colombia, the Sarda insect being closely related to *E. uniformis*, Ch., from Panama. Of the Staphylinid genus *Planeustomus*, one Indian species only is known, and that from Burma. The *Cnemeplatia* is probably *C. indica*, Fairm.—G. C. CHAMPION, Horsell, Woking: February, 1914.



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